

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of BLS Kendras Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of BLS Kendras Private Limited (the "Company") which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its profit, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

## **Emphasis of Matters**

We draw attention to note no 54 to the financial statements that the contract between the Company and the Punjab e- Governance Society (PSeGS), executed on July 27, 2018, has reached to end of its contract period from November 27, 2023. This contract was the only major source of revenue for the Company. However, the management is making efforts to secure further contracts/business in the Company and is of the view that going concern assumption is not affected. We have relied upon the management's contention.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Page 1 of 12



## Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The above information is expected to be made available to us after the date of auditor's report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusions thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management and Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the second influence the financial statements.

Page 2 of 12



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our
  opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements
  in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
  whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- A. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
- B. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of the audit;

Page 3 of 12

# SS KOTHARI MEHTA & CO.LLP

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph C (vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the cash flow statement and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph B(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph C(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
  - During the year, the Company has not paid managerial remuneration to its director. Accordingly, reporting requirement under the provisions of section 197 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- C. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
  - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested by the Company to or in any other person or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in

Page 4 of 12



any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company to or in any other person or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement;
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid by the Company during the year ending March 31, 2024;
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operating for all relevant transactions recorded in the software after implementation of audit trail in accounting software. However, due to the inherent limitation of the accounting software, we are unable to comment whether there were any instances of the audit trail feature been tempered during the audit period (refer note. 56 of the financial statements).

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 000756N7N500441

ACCOUNTS ACC

**AMIT GOEL** 

Partner

Membership Number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2024

UDIN: 24500607BKEIWK8316

Page 5 of 12



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of BLS Kendras Private Limited (herein after referred to as "the Company") dated May 10, 2024 on it's Financial Statements.

Report on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as referred to in paragraph A of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section.

- (i)(a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
- (i)(a)(B) The Company has not capitalized any intangible assets in the books of the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (i)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified every year. In accordance with this programme, property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (i)(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records, there are no immovable property, (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the Company) held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- (i)(d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (i)(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and records provided, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii)(a) The Company does not have any inventory. Hence, provisions of clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has granted unsecured loans to company in respect of which the requisite information is as below. The Company has not made investments or provided any guarantee or security, granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, other parties, firm or limited liability partnership during the year.

Page 6 of 12

## SS KOTHARI MEHTA & CO. LLP

**OHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS** 

a) Based on the audit procedures carried on by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has given loans to its holding company which is as below:

Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year	Loan (Rs. In Lakhs)
- Holding Company (BLS E-Services Limited)	33.24
Balance outstanding (including opening balance) as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases	364.20
- Holding Company (BLS E-Services Limited)	

- (iii)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the terms and conditions of the grant of loans during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (iii)(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, in our opinion the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated. There has been no default on the part of the party to whom the money has been lent. Further, the Company has not given any advance in the nature of loan to any party during the year.
- (iii)(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given and advances in the nature of loan given.
- (iii)(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan or advance in the nature of loan granted falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to same parties.
- (iii)(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, in respect of loans, guarantees and security given by the Company, in our opinion the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act have been complied with.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under Settler 148 of the Act for the Company's activities. Accordingly, the requirement to report on Base 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

Page 7 of 12

# SS KOTHARI MEHTA & CO.LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(vii)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees state insurance, income-tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the financial year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(vii)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess, goods and service tax and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the financial year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(ix)(a) The Company did not have any outstanding loans or borrowings or interest thereon due to any lender during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3 (ix) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(ix)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.

(ix)(c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(ix)(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short term basis have been used for long term purposes by the Company.

(ix)(e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(ix)(f) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(x)(a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of Initial Public Offer or Further Public Offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(x) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Page 8 of 12

# SS KOTHARI MEHTA & CO. LLP

(x)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xi)(a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
- (xi)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us during the year, no report under subsection (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (xi)(c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes of the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiv)(a) The Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system under the provisions of Section 138 of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report under clause 3 (xiv) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred in section 192 of the Act.
- (xvi)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi)(b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtained a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (xvi)(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi)(d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is applicable to the Company.

Page 9 of 12

# SS KOTHARI MEHTA

(xvii) The Company has not incurred eash losses in the current year and in the immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xix) On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 39 to the financial Statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) (a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Act, in compliance with second proviso to subsection 5 of section 135 of the Act.

(xx) (b) There are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing projects, that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section 6 of section 135 of the Act.

(xxi) The reporting under Clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of the financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 000756N/N500441

AMIT GOEL

Membership Number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2024

UDIN: 24500607BKEIWK8316

Page 10 of 12



Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report to the BLS Kendras Private Limited (herein after referred to as "the Company") dated May 10, 2024 on it's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act as referred to in paragraph B(g) of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **BLS Kendras Private Limited** (the 'Company') as of March 31,2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the respective company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the

Page 11 of 12



transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 000756N/N500441

MEHTA de CONTROLLES

AMIT GOEL

Partner

Membership Number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2024

UDIN: 24500607BKEIWK8316

# BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178) BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2024

	Particulars	Note	As at	As a
			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	ASSETS			
1	Non-current asset		0.36	0.54
	a. Property, plant & equipment	3	0.36	
	b. Right of use assets	4	=	15.11
	c. Financial assets:	_	504.10	F41.20
	(i) Other financial assets	5	584.10	541.26
	d. Deferred tax assets(net)	6	0.10	2.99
	e. Non current tax assets (net)	7 _	111.53	19.89
	Total non current assets		696.09	579.79
2	Current asset			
	a. Financial assets			
	(i) Investment	8	(=),	-
	(ii) Trade Receivable	9	87.62	-
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	410.05	366.42
	(iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above	11	4.10	1,105.10
	(v) Other financial assets	12	59.96	38.6
	b. Other current assets	13	192.52	87.54
	Total current assets		754.25	1,597.67
	TOTAL ASSETS	-	1,450.34	2,177.4
	EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
1	Equity			
	a. Equity share capital	14	50.00	50.00
	b. Other equity	15	1,256.24	1,225 6
	Total equity		1,306.24	1,275.6
	Liabilities			
2	Non-current liabilities			0.77
	a. Provisions	16		8.7
	Total non-current liabilities			8.7
3	Current liabilities			
	a. Financial liabilities			4. 5
	(i) Lease Liabilities	17	·-	16.7
	(ii) Trade payables	18		
	Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises			reter a
	Dues to creditor other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		18.48	18.3
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	19	124.95	752.7
	b. Other current liabilities	20	0.67	104.6
	c. Provision	21		0.5
	Total current liabilities		144,10	893.0
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIADILITIES		1,450.04	3,177.1
	Corporate information and material accounting policies	1-2	-	

The accompanying notes referred to above formed an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's reglected manbers 000786N/M800441

AMIT GOEL

Partner

Mombership number: 500607

Plare · New Dellii Date : May 10, 2024 For and on behalf of the board of directors of BLS Kendras Private Limited

Dinesh Sharma

Director

DIN No 00956860

Sanjeev Kumar

Director

DIN No 02826773

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Ann	ount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated			
	Particulars	Note	Year ended	Year ended
			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
I	Revenue from operations	22	4,405.42	7,539.42
H	Other income	23	114.11	62.21
IΙΙ	TOTAL INCOME(I+II)		4,519.53	7,601.63
IV	EXPENSES:		0.404.45	100015
	Cost of services	24	3,181.47	4,862.15
	Employee benefits expense	25	104.25	142.96
	Finance cost	26	6.53	20.66
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	15.29	21.48
	Other expenses	28	1,165.67	1,716.50
	TOTAL EXPENSES		4,473.21	6,763.76
V	PROFIT BEFORE TAX (III-IV)	_	46.32	837.87
VI	TAX EXPENSE:	*		
	a) Current tax		13.56	211.78
	b) Deferred tax	6	2.89	0.29
	c) Tax for earlier years		(0.72)	(1.19)
	TOTAL TAX EXPENSES	-	15.73	210.88
VII	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (V-VI)	_	30.59	626.99
VIII	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (OCI)  A) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(a) Re-measurements of defined benefit plans		æ	1.50
	(b) Less: Tax on Re-measurements of defined benefit plans			(0.38)
	TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	_	.=)	1.12
IX	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (VII+VIII)		30.59	628.11
X	Earnings per equity shares basic and diluted ( Na )	20	6.17	175 40
ΧI	Corporate information and material accounting policies	1-2		

The accompanying notes referred to above formed an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 000756N/N50044

AMIT GOEL

Partner

Membership number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2024 For and on behalf of the board of directors of BLS Kendras Private Limited

Dinesh Sharma

Director

DIN No. 00956860

Sanjeev Kumar

Director

DIN No. 02826773

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

Amount in fluxus) unless other wise stated	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	46.32	837.87
Adjustments for		
Depreciation & amortization expense	15.29	21.48
Finance costs	6.53	20.66
(Profit)/loss on sale of investment in mutual fund	(4.53)	
Interest income on fixed deposit and loan	(99.61)	(60.67)
Operating profit before working capital change	(36.00)	819.34
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade receivables	(87.62)	0.14
(Increase)/ Decrease in other financial current assets	(2.63)	8.73
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current assets	(104.98)	9.44
(Increase)/ Decrease in non current financial asset	2.5	0.81
(Increase)/ Decrease in other financial non-current assets	9.14	(0.41)
(Decrease)/ Increase in long term provision	(8.79)	(1.84)
(Decrease)/ Increase in trade payable	0.17	(9.24)
(Decrease)/ Increase in other financial current liabilities	(627.77)	(217.67)
(Decrease)/ Increase in other current liabilities	(104.02)	33.24
(Decrease)/ Increase in current provision	(0.53)	1.40
Cash flow from operations	(963.03)	643.94
Direct taxes paid (net)	(104.47)	(202.98)
Net cash flow (used in)/generated from operating activities (A)	(1,067.50)	440.96
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of Property, plant and equipment	-	(0.81)
Loan (given)/received	154.55	(518.75)
Purchase of investments	(1,489.83)	
Sale of investments	1,494.36	
Proceeds/(Investment) in term deposits	900.00	79.88
Interest income from fixed deposit and loan	75.36	149.21
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	1,134.44	(290.47)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds/(Payments) from current borrowings	-	(150.00)
Addition/(Repayment) of lease liabilities	(17.42)	(22.40)
Interest paid	(5.89)	(19.47)
Net cash Flow from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	(23.31)	(191.87)
Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent (A+B+C)	43.63	(41.38)
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	366.42	407.80
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year (refer note 10)	410.05	366.42
Components of cash and cash equivalent		
Current accounts	9.05	319.86
Fixed deposit with original maturity of upto 3 month	101.00	
Cach on hand	0.00	46 Sh
Total cash and cash equivalent	410.05	366.42

## Notes:

(a) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7)- Statement of Cash Flows

Particulars	Opening Bulance as at April 01, 2023	Cush inflow/(outflows)	Chaing Balance as at March 31, 2024
Current borrowing			-
Non-Current borrowing			

Particulars	Opening Balance as at April 01, 2022	Cash inflow/(outflows)	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2023
Current borrowing	150.00	(150.00)	
Non-Current borrowing			

Corporate information and Material accounting policies 1-2

The accompanying notes referred to above formed an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

n number: 000756N/N500441

AMIT GOEL

Partner

Membership number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2024 For and on behalf of the board of directors of

**BLS Kendras Private Limited** 

Dinesh Sharma

Sanjeev Kumar

Director

Director

DIN No. 00956860

DIN No. 02826773

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

A. Equity Share Capital	
Particulars	Total
As at April 01, 2022	50.00
Changes in equity shares capital during the year	-
As at March 31, 2023	50.00
Changes in equity shares capital during the year	
As at March 31, 2024	50.00

## B. Other Equity

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2022 (a)	597.54	597.54
Addition during the year:		
Profit for the year	626.99	626.99
Other Comprehensive Income	1.12	1.12
Total compreshensive income for the year 2022-23 (b)	628.11	628.11
Balance as at March 31, 2023 (c)= (a+b)	1,225.65	1,225.65
Addition during the year: Profit for the year	30.59	30.59
Other Comprehensive Income		-
Total compreshensive income for the year 2023-24 (d)	30.59	30.59
Balance as at March 31, 2024 (e) =(c+d)	1,256.24	1,256.24

Corporate information and material accounting policies

1-2

The accompanying notes referred to above formed an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 000756N/N500441

For and on behalf of the board of directors of BLS Kendras Private Limited

AMIT GOEL

Partner

Membership number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: May 10, 2024 Dinesh Sharma

Director

DIN No. 00956860

Sanjeev Kumar

longues Speed

Director

DIN No. 02826773

# BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## 1 Corporate information

BLS Kendra's Private Limited is a private company incorporated in India under Indian Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The registered office is located at G-4B-1, Extension, Mohan Co-operative Indl. Estate Mathura Road New Delhi.

The Punjab Sewa Kendra (PSK) -Which is an e-governance project- was awarded to the company by Punjab State government to provide citizen Services with the setting up of Sewa Kendras across the state.

These financial statements were approved and adopted by Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on May 10, 2024

## 2 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Material accounting policies

## 2. a Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

## (i) Statement of Compliance:

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and relevant provisions of the Act as amended.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use

## (ii) Basis of Preparation:

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policy set out below:

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102 - Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116 - Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as value in use in Ind AS 36 - Impairment of Assets.

The financial statements are presentation in Indian Rupees (Rs) and all the values are rounded off to the lakhs, except number of shares, earning per share or wherever otherwise stated.

## (iii) Functional & Presentation Currency:

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian National Rupee ('INR'), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

## (iv) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in note.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

## (v) Current & Non current classification:

All Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of product & activities of the Company and their realisation in cash and cash equivalent, the Company has determined its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.



And Passets and liabilities.

# BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## 2 b. Material Accounting Policies for the year ended March 31, 2024

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in the financial statements.

## (a) Revenue recognition

## Rendering of Services

The Company earns revenue primarily from providing Citizens services through Sewa Kendras of Punjab State E Governance Society which are operationally controlled, maintained and Managed by the company.

The Company also provide a list of various related value added services like Courier, Domestic Money Transfer, Aadhar card etc.

Revenue from services is recognized upon receipt of money from applicants in an amount that reflects the consideration which the company receive in exchange for the services rendered.

Revenue in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets while invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities

### Other Income

#### (i) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### (ii) Dividend Income

Dividend income is accounted for when the right to receive the dividend is established.

## (iii) Rental Incomo

Income from sub let of property is recognised on accrual basis in accordance with sub-let agreement.

## (iv) Profit/(loss) on sale of PPE/Investment

Profit/(loss) on sale of PPE/Investment is recognised in profit and loss account at the time of sale of PPE/Investment.

## (b) Property Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at historical cost of acquisition, less accumulated depreciation. Lost includes purchase price and also other cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the costs to the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in net profit in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gain or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Depreciation is provided on written down value method over the useful lives of property, plant and equipment as estimated by management. Depreciation is provided prorata basis on written down value at the rates determined based on estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment where applicable, prescribed under Schedule II to the Act. The residual value, useful lifes and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each financial year and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. The useful life of various class of items considered in the financial statements is as under:

Class of assets

Useful life (in years)

Computer

3

## (c) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognised, when it is probable that if the future economic benefits attributable to the assets are expected to flow to the company and cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible asset with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised

## (d) Impairment

The carrying amount of Property, plant and equipment's, Intangible assets and Investment property are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to assess impairment if any, based on internal / external factors. An asset is treated as impaired, when the carrying cost of asset exceeds its recoverable value, being big hearth value in use and net selling price. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed, if there has been an improvement in recoverable amount.

> Joyen ther

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

#### (e) Financial Instruments

A Financial Instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### Financial assets

Financial assets include Investments, Trade receivables, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances and Other Financial assets.

At initial recognition, all financial assets are measured at fair value. Such financial assets are subsequently classified under following three categories according to the purpose for which they are held. The classification is reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

## Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding on specified dates. These financial assets are intended to be held until maturity. Therefore, they are subsequently measured at amortised cost by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR amortisation is included as interest income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

## Financial Assets at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding on specified dates, as well as held for selling. Therefore, they are subsequently measured at each reporting date at fair value, with all fair value movements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, impairment gain or loss and foreign exchange gain or loss are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is reclassified from the OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Financial Assets at Fair value through Profit or Loss

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are held for trading, or which are measured neither at Amortised Cost nor at fair value through OCI. Therefore, they are subsequently measured at each reporting date at fair value, with all fair value movements recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Trade receivables, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances and Other Financial assets are classified for measurement at amortised cost while investments may fall under any of the aforesaid classes. However, in respect of particular investments in equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss, an irrevocable election at initial recognition may be made to present subsequent changes in fair value through other comprehensive income.

## **Impairment**

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) such as investments, trade receivables, advances and security deposits held at amortised cost and financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are tested for impairment based on evidence or information that is available without undue cost or effort. Expected credit losses are assessed and loss allowances recognised if the credit quality of the financial asset has deteriorated significantly since initial recognition.

## De-recognition

Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

## Financial Liabilities

Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at the value of the respective contractual obligations. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any discount or premium on redemption / settlement is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost over the life of the liability using the effective interest method.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

## Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is included in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## (f) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using other valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Fair values for measurement and/ or disclosure purposes are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

Level 1 - This includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2 - The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

## (g) Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

## Company as a Lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

## i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreclated on a straight-line basis from the commencement date over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset

## ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is re-measured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

## iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease.

## Company as a lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. When the terms of the lease transfer substantially all of the risks and benefits incidental to ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases. For operating leases, rental income is recognized on a straight line basis over the term of relevant lease.

## (h) Employee Benefits

## i. Provident Fund & Employee State Insurance

The Company makes contribution to statutory provident fund and employee state insurance fund in accordance with Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and Employee State Insurance Act, 1948 which is a defined contribution plan and contribution paid or payable is recognized as an expense in the period in which services are rendered by the employee.

## ii. Gratuity

Gratuity is a post employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which such gains or losses arise.

### iii. Other short term benefits

Expense in respect of other short term benefit is recognised on the basis of amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

## (i) Earning Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

## **Income Tax**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in Other Comprehensive Income.

## (i) Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year after taking credit of the benefits available under the Income Tax Act and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- i) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- ii) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and
- ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and It is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed by cherroporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. As Jagewelfur

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- i) The entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- ii) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

## (k) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as a part of the cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. Borrowing cost consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing cost are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## (l) Cash & Cash Equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## (m) Provisions, Contingent Assets & Contingent Liabilities:

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. Contingent Liability is disclosed after careful evaluation of facts, uncertainties and possibility of reimbursement, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in notes. Contingent assets are not disclosed in the financial statements unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

## (n) Cash Flow Statements

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated. The company considers all highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

## (p) Operating Segments

## (i) Identification of segments

The Company's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

## (ii) Unallocated items

Unallocated items include general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

## (iii) Segment accounting policies

# BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## 2.c Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates & Assumptions

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates, assumptions and judgements which have significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statement:

#### a) Income taxes

Judgment of the Management is required for the calculation of provision for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities. The company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to significant adjustment to the amounts reported in the standalone financial statements.

## b) Contingencies

Judgment of the Management is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigations against the company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

#### c) Allowance for uncollected accounts receivable and advances

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their normal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not collectible. Impairment is made on ECL, which are the present value of the cash shortfall over the expected life of the financial assets.

#### d) Defined Benefit Plans

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in future. These Includes the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

## 2.d Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time. There are no such recently issued standards or amendments to the existing standards for which the impact on the Financial Information is required to be disclosed.

## 3 PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

	Computers
Particulars	Amount
Gross Block	
As at April 01, 2022	6.72
Additions	-
Disposals	-
As at March 31, 2023	6.72
Additions	-
Disposals	
As at March 31, 2024	6.72
Accumulated depreciation	
As at April 01, 2022	5.62
Charge for the year	0.56
Disposals	-
As at March 31, 2023	6.18
Charge for the year	0.18
Disposals	-
As at March 31, 2024	6.36
Net block as at March 31, 2023	0.54
Net block as at March 31, 2024	0.36

## 4 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

Amount
55.35
0.81
<u>-</u>
56.16
-
56.16

Accumulated Amortisation	
As at April 01, 2022	20.13
Charge for the year	20.92
Disposals	-
As at March 31, 2023	41.05
Charge for the year	15.11
Disposals	•
As at March 31, 2024	56.16

Net block as at March 31, 2023	15.11
Net block as at March 31, 2024	-



fayen of fayen of the

8

	Other financial assets: non current			
	Particulars	As at		As at
	Carried at amortised cost	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023
	Security deposits			
	Fixed deposit having a remaining maturity period			9.14
	of more than twelve months* Loan & advances#	201.00		-
	Interest accrued on fixed deposit	364.20		518.75
	Total ——	18.90 584.10	_	13.37
	# Balance with related parties (refer note 35)	584.10	=	541.26
	*BLS E -Service Limited (Formerly known as BLS E-Services Private Limited) *Pledge against Bank Guarantee as on March'2024 Rs. 201.00 Lakhs (March' 2023 NIL)	364.20		518.75
6	Deferred tax asset & (liabilities)(Net)			
	Particulars	As at	(Charge)/credit for	As at
	Deferred tax liability on account of	March 31, 2024	the year	March 31, 2023
	Timing difference on depreciation and amortisation	0.10	(0.00)	
	Timing difference on right of use assets	0.10	(0.08) 3.81	0.18
	Total deferred tax liability (A)  Deferred tax asset on account of	0.10	3.72	(3.81)
	Timing difference on gratuity			(3.03)
	Timing difference on lease liability	-	(2.35)	2.35
	Timing difference on preliminary expenses		(4.23) (0.04)	4.23
	Total deferred tax asset (B)	-	(6.62)	0.04
	Deferred tax Asset (Net) (B+A)		()	0.02
		0.10	(2.89)	2.99
	Particulars	As at	(Charge)/credit for	As at
	Deferred tax liability on account of	March 31, 2023	the year	March 31, 2022
	Timing difference on depreciation and amortisation			714101101/2022
	Timing difference on right of use assets	0.18	(0.07)	0.25
	Total deferred tax liability (A)	(3.81)	5.06 4.99	(8.87)
	Deferred tax asset on account of Timing difference on gratuity	(0.00)	4.77	(8.62)
	Timing difference on lease liability	2.35	(0.49)	2.84
	Timing difference on preliminary expenses	4.23	(5.17)	9.40
	Total deferred tax asset (B)	0.04 6.62	(5.66)	0.04
	Deferred tax Asset (Net) (B+A)	0.02	(3.00)	12.28
	Ecterred tax Asset (Net) (B+A)	2.99	(0.67)	3.66
	Non current tax assets			
7	The same and about			
7	Particulars	Asat		<del></del>
7	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at
7				March 31, 2023
7	Particulars	March 31, 2024 111 53		March 31, 2023 19.89
7	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision of income tax)	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023
8	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision of income tax)	March 31, 2024 111 53		March 31, 2023 19.89
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax doducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total	March 31, 2024 111 53 111.53		March 31, 2023 19.89
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax doducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total  Investments	March 31, 2024 111 53 111,53		March 31, 2023 19.89
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax doducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total  Investments  Particulars	March 31, 2024 111 53 111.53		March 31, 2023 19.89
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax doducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total  Investments  Particulars  Investment carried at fair value through profit and loss (Quoted)	March 31, 2024 111 53 111.53 As at March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023 19.89
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax doducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total  Investments  Particulars  Investment carried at fair value through profit and loss (Quoted)  Total	March 31, 2024 111 53 111.53 As at March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023 19.89 19.89 As at March 31, 2023
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total  Investments  Particulars  Investment carried at fair value through profit and loss (Quoted)  Total  Trade receivables  Particulars	March 31, 2024 111 53 111.53  As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total  Investments  Particulars  Investment carried at fair value through profit and loss (Quoted)  Total  Trade receivables  Particulars	March 31, 2024 111 53 111.53 As at March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023 19.89 19.89 As at March 31, 2023
	Particulars  Advance income tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision of income tax)  Total  Investments  Particulars  Investment carried at fair value through profit and loss (Quoted)  Total  Trade receivables  Particulars  Trade receivables	As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023



Januar Ja

Ageing for trade receivables- outstanding	as on March 31 2024 is as follows.
Ageing for diade receivables- outstanding	g as on march st, 2024 is as follows.

	Outsta	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	87.62	-	-	-	87.62
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful			-	2	-
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-		-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	(-)	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables		-		-	<u> </u>
Total Trade receivables	87.62	-		-	87.62

Ageing for trade receivables- outstanding	as on March 31, 2023 is as follows
---	------------------------------------

	Outst	anding for following	periods from due date	i due date of payment		
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	Total	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good		-	-	-	-	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful	-	-	•	-	-	
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	1-	
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-		-	
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-	1=)	-	
Total Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	

## Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Balance with banks:			
Current account	9.05	319.86	
Cash on hand	0.00	46.56	
Fixed deposit with original maturity of upto 3 month	401.00	-	
Total	410.05	366.42	

## 11 Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents

n .: 1	As at	As at March 31, 2023	
Particulars	March 31, 2024		
Fixed deposit having a remaining maturity period			
of more than three month but less than twelve	4.10	1,105.10	
months.*			
Total	4.10	1,105.10	
*Pledge against Bank Guarantee as on March' 2024 NIL (March'2023 R	s. 201.00 Lakhs)		

## 12 Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Security deposit - Current	0.32	(0.52)
Advance to employees	0.44	0.93
Security deposit receivable	0.10	0.10
Wallet <sup>#</sup>	4.96	2.68
Interest accrued on fixed deposit	21.63	( <u>4</u>
Interest accrued on Loan to E-services*	32.51	35.42
Total	59.96	38.61
Balance with related parties (refer note 35)		
*BLS E -Services Limited (formerly known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)	32.51	35.42
*BLS E -Services Limited (formerly known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)	0.54	0.50

## 13 Other Current assets

Particulars	As at	As at	
ratuculais	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Balance with statutory/ government authorities	172.06	68.37	
Advance against material & services	0.37	9.69	
Prepaid expenses	7.77	8.55	
Other receivable	12.32	0.93	
Total	192.52	87.54	

Jesewhy Jesewahny

#### 14 EQUITY SHARE CAPITTAL

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Authorized Share Capital		
500,000 (March 31, 2023: 500,000 ) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	50.00	50.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up		
500,000 (March 31, 2023: 500,000 ) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	50.00	50.00
Total	50.00	50.00

#### a.) Reconciliation of the number of shares

Particulars	As at March	31, 2024	As at March	n 31, 2023
raticulais	Number of shares	Amount in Rs.	Number of shares	Amount in Rs.
Balance as at the beginning of the year	5,00,000	50.00	5,00,000	50.00
Add: Changes in capital during the year			-	
Balance as at the closing of the year	5,00,000	50.00	5,00,000	50.00

#### b.) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity shares: The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion of the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. The dividend Proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in the case of Interim Dividend.

#### C.) Numbers of shares held by holding company

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
Particulars	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Holding Company				
BLS E-Services Limited (Formely known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)*	5,00,000	100%	5,00,000	100%

d.) Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs.10 each				
BLS E-Services Limited (Formely known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)*	5,00,000	100%	5,00,000	100%

<sup>\*</sup> one share hold by nominee share holder

e). The Company has not issued any bonus shares and there is no buy back of shares in the current year and preceeding five years

f.) Shareholding of promoters
The details of the shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2024 are as follow:

1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	As at March 31, 2024			
Particulars	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	% change during the period	
BLS E-Services Limited (Formely known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)	5,00,000	100%		

The details of the shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2023 are as follows:

	As at March 31, 2023			
Particulars	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	% change during the period	
BLS F-Services Limited (Formely known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)	5,00,000	100%	100%	

Soguetuer g.) As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interests, the abo shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.



Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

4 -	0.1 -	
15	Other Equit	v

Particulars	As at	
Retained earnings	March 31, 2024	As at
Add: Profit for the year	1,225.65	March 31, 2023 597.54
Total (a)	30.59	626.99
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) (b)	1,256.24	1,224.53
Balance of Retained Earning at the end of reporting period (a+b)	4.056.04	1.12
Description of nature and	1,256.24	1,225.65

## Description of nature and purpose of reserve

**Retained Earning** 

Retained Earning are the profits that the company has earned till date less dividends (if any) and distribution paid to share holders. Retained earning is a free

## Re-measurement of defined benefit plans

This represents the actuarial gains/losses recognised in other comprehensive income.

## 16 Provisions - Non- Current

Particulars		
- u. u.u.u.	As at	As at
Provision for employee benefit (refer note 34)	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total		8.79
Lease Liabilties - Current		8.79
Deade Blabitics - Current		

Doubland		
Particulars	As at	Acat
Longo linkilities ( C	March 31, 2024	As at
Lease liabilities (refer note 38)	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total	-	16.78
		16.78

## Trade Payable

Particulars	As at	
Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 33)	March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total Total	18.48	18.31
Assistant	18.48	18.31

## Ageing for trade payable outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Particulars	Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			
(i) MSME	Less than 1yrs	1-2 yr	2-3 yr	3 yrs and more	Total
(ii) Others	-	-		-	
(iii) Diputed dues MSME	18.48	-	-	-	18.48
iv) Diputed dues-Others	-	-		-	-
Total	18.48	-	•	-	-
			-	-	18.4

Ageing for trade payable outstanding as at March 31, 2023 is as follows:

Particulars	Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
(i) MSME	Less than 1yrs	1-2 yr	2-3 yr	3 yrs and more	Total	
ii) Others iii) Diputed dues-MSME	18.31	-		-		
v) Diputed dues-Others	-	-		-	18.3	
otal	18.31	-		-	_	
				-	18	



foyewsher"

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

19	Other financial liabilities		
	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Expenses payable	121.86	645.50
	Payable to employees	2.85	17.08
	Government fees payable	0.24	20.43
	Wallet <sup>#</sup>	5000 500 m2	67.38
	Payable to PSeGS	-	2.32
	Total	124.95	
	* Balance with related parties (refer note 35)	124.73	752.71
	*BLS E -Services Limited (formerly known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)	_	67.88
20	Other Current Liabilities Particulars	As at	As at
	Turicului 5	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Statutory dues payable	0.67	104.69
	Total	0.67	104.69
21	Provision: Current		
	Particulars	As at	As at
	D	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Provision for employee benefit (refer note 34)		0.53
	Total	•	0.53



Jyeursh .

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

NO TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

Legal & professional expenses (refer per Repair & maintenance expense- others

22	Revenue from operations		
46	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	3.00	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Sale of services Total	4,405.42	7,539.42
	Total	4,405.42	7,539.42
		As at	As at
	Timing of revenue recognition	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Services transferred at a point in time	4,405.42	7,539.42
	Services transferred over period of time Total revenue from contracts with customers	4,405.42	7,539.42
		1,100112	7,007112
	Contract Balance		
	Trade Receivable	87.62	
	Contract liabilities	07.02	-
	Contract liabilities primarily relate to advance consideration received from customers against supply of services for which revenue is recognised at a point in time		
	Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the Statement of Profit and Revenue as per contracted price	d Loss with the contracted	d price 7,539.42
	Less: Discount Revenue Recognised	4,405.42	7,539.42
	no ona necogniseu	4,405.42	7,539.42
23	Other Income		
	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	Miscellaneous income	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Profit on sale of investment	9.45 4.53	0.04
	Interest on security deposit	0.52	0.40
	Interest on fixed deposit	62.29	21.31
	Interest Income on Loan Interest Income on IT Refund	37.32	39.36
	Total	114.11	1.10 62.21
25	Cost of Services	114.11	02.21
1.0	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Purchases Operational Expenses	122.57	62.38
	I otal	3,181.47	4,799.77 4,862.15
26	Employee hone 6th annual	9/1011.7	1,002.10
20	Employee benefit expense		
	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
	Salaries and wages, bonus etc.	101.43	141.03
	Contribution to funds Staff welfare expense	0.94	2.52
	Total	1.88 104.25	(0.59) 142.96
2.7	Finance Cost	104.23	142.70
27	Finance Cost		
	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
	Interest on borrowings*	-	8.01
	Interest on lease liability Interest others	0.64	1.84
	Other financials charges	0.00 5.89	0.04 10.77
	Total	6.53	20.66
	*Transaction with related parties (refer note 35) BLS IT Services Private Limited		AND
	DISTI SCIVICES I TIVACE EMITTEE	-	8.01
28	Depreciation and amortisation expense		
	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	March 31, 2024 0.18	March 31, 2023 0.56
	Amortization on right of use assets	15.11	20.92
	Total	15.29	21.48
29	Other Expenses		
	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
	Management consulting fee*	190.00	150.00
	Rent expense Printing & stationery expense Software expense	7.82	3.51
	Printing & stationery expense Software expense	63.04	138.90
	Legal & professional expenses (refer were 29 1)	13.85	19.56

Jageer Must 19.56 98.14 80.62

17.72

56.51

## Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

Sewa kendra expenses	588.93	675.88
Vehicle running & maintenance expense	1.24	3.79
Business promotion expense		21.19
Conveyance & travelling expense	59.74	108.49
Balance written off	0.59	21.12
Miscellaneous expense	2.79	2.67
Information Technology Exp*	36.00	148.00
CSR Expense (refer note 55)	10.00	-
Insurance expense	4.14	3.57
Bank charges	0.03	0.11
Total	1,165.67	1,716.50
*Transaction with related parties (refer note 35)		
BLS E-Services Limited (formerly known as BLS E-Services Private Limited)	190.00	150.00
Starfin India Private Limited	36.00	148.00

### 29.1 Payment to auditors

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Statutory audit fees	1.00	3.00
Total	1.00	3.00

#### 30 Earning Per Share (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Net loss after tax as per statement of profit and loss attributable to equity shareholders (Rs.)	30.59	626.99
Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating basic EPS	5,00,000	5,00,000
Weighted average potential equity shares	-	-
Total weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating diluted EPS	5,00,000	5,00,000
Earning per share ( Basic & Diluted)	6.12	125.40
face value per equity share (Ds)	10	10

## 31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS ( TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Guarantees issued by the bank on behalf of the Company	2,000.00	2,000.00

## 32 LEASES

The Company has taken premises for some office space under cancellable operating lease agreements. Terms of the lease include terms for renewal, increase in rents in future periods and terms of cancellation.

Lease and rent payments recognised in statement of profit an loss amounting Rs. 7.81/- Lakhs (P.Y Rs.3.51 Lakhs)

## 33 The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006

Based on the information available, there are no vendors who have confirmed that they are covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Emergrises Development Act, 2006, are given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at Morch 31, 2023
Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act, 2006 are provided as under to the extent the Company has received intimation from the suppliers regarding their status under the Act	-	18
Principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the year		
Interest due thereon remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
Delayed payment of Principal amount paid beyond appointed date during the entire financial year		-
Interest actually paid under Section 16 of the Act during the entire accounting  year	-	-
Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making the payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding interest specified under this Act.	-	-
Amount of Interest due and payable for the period (where principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act not paid)	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year		
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Micro and Small Enterprises for the purpose of disallowances as deductible expenditure under Section 23 of this Act		-

No parties have been identified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Development) Act, 2006 other than disclosed above. This disclosure has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company

AST

Jozeu And

# BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## 34. Employee Benefits

Table Showing Changes in Present Value of Obligations:

Period	Year ended
	March 31, 2023
Present value of the obligation at the beginning of the period	11.26
Interest cost	0.82
Current service cost	1.70
Benefits paid (if any)	(2.96)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(1.50)
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	9.32

Bifurcation of total Actuarial (gain) /loss on liabilities

Period	Year ended
	March 31, 2023
Actuarial gain/ losses from changes in Demographics assumptions (mortality)	Not Applicable
Actuarial (gain) / losses from changes in financial assumptions	(0.16)
Experience Adjustment (gain)/ loss for Plan liabilities	(1.34)
Total amount recognized in other comprehensive Income	(1.50)

## The amount to be recognized in the Balance Sheet

Period	Year ended
	March 31, 2023
Present value of the obligation at the end of the period	9.32
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	-
Net liability/(asset) recognized in Balance Sheet and related analysis	9.32
Funded Status	9.32

## Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss

Period	Year ended
	March 31, 2023
Interest cost	0.82
Current service cost	1.70
Expected return on plan asset	
Expenses to be recognized in the statement of P&L accounts	2.52

## Other comprehensive (income)/expenses (Remeasurement)

Period	Year ended
	March 31, 2023
Cumulative unrecognised actuarial (gain)/loss opening B/F	(2.82)
Actuarial (gain)/loss obligation	(1.50)
Actuarial (gain)/loss plan assets	
Total Actuarial (gain)/loss	(1.50)
Cumulative total actuarial (gain)/loss .C/F	(4.32)

## **Net Interest Cost**

Period	Year ended
	March 31, 2023
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	0.82
Interest income on plan assets	-
Net Interest cost(income)	0.82



As Sysweps

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## **Experience Adjustment**

Period	Year ended
	March 31, 2023
Experience Adjustment (Gain)/loss for Plan liabilities	(1.34)
Experience Adjustment Gain/ (loss) for Plan assets	-

## $Summary\ of\ membership\ data\ at\ the\ date\ of\ valuation\ and\ statistics\ based\ thereon:$

Period	Year ended March 31, 2023
Number of employees	11
Total monthly salary	4.57
Average Past Service(Years)	4.00
Average remaining working lives of employees(Years)	15.50
Average Age(years)	42.50
Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows) in years	13.00
Average monthly salary	0.42

## The assumptions employed for calculations are tabulated:

Discount rate	7.50 % per annum
Salary Growth Rate	5.00 % per annum
Mortality	IALM 2012-14
Expected rate of return	
Withdrawal Rate (per annum)	5.00 % p.a.

## Benefits valued:

Normal Retirement Age	58 Years
Salary	Last drawn qualifying salary
Vesting Period	5 Years of service
Benefits on Normal Retirement	15/26*Salary*Past Service (yr)
Benefit on early exit due to death and disability	As above except that no vesting conditions apply
Limit	20.00

## Current Liability (\*It is probable outlay in next 12 months as required by the Companies Act):

Period	Year ended
T C. I. I.	March 31, 2023
Current Liability (Short Term)	0.53
Non Current Liability (Long Term)	8.79
Total Liability	9.33

## Sensitivity Analysis:

Period	Year ended March 31, 2023
	9.32 lakh @ salary increase rate : 5 % and
Defined benefit obligation (Base)	discount rate: 7.50%
Liability with x % increase in Discount rate	8.60 lakh; x= 1.00% [ change (8)%]
Liability with x % decrease in Discount rate	10.14 lakh; x= 1.00% [ change 9%]
Liability with x % increase in salary growth rate	10.15 lakh; x= 1.00% [ change 9%]
Liability with x % decrease in salary growth rate	8.57 lakh; x= 1.00% [ change (8)%]
Liability with x % increase in withdrawal rate	9.42 lakh; x= 1.00% [ change 1%]
Liability with x % decrease in withdrawal rate	9.21 lakh; x= 1.00% [ change (1)%]

## Maturity Profile of projected benefit obligation: from the fund

Particular	ELIARI WILLIAM	Year ended March 31, 2023
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
1st Following Year	NEW DELHI	0.53
	(*) /s	

Joseph ex

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

2nd Following Year	0.26
3rd Following Year	0.30
4th Following Year	0.26
5th Following Year	0.26
After 5 Years	7.71

Note: There is no employee as on the date of balance sheet. Accordingly the disclosure for the period ended March, 2024 has not been presented



XX Squether

## 35 Ind AS 24 Related Party Disclosures

## **Ultimate Holding Company**

BLS International Services Limited

#### Holding Company

BLS E-Services Limited (formerly known as BLS E-Services Private Limited (w.e.f October 31, 2022)

#### C) Fellow Subsidiaries

BLS IT- Services Private Limited# BLS E- Solutions Private Limited#

Reired BLS International Services Private Limited#

Starfin India Private Limited\* Zero Mass Private Limited\*

BLS International FZE, UAE#

BLS International Services, UAE^

BLS International Services Canada INC.^

BLS International Services Norway AS<sup>^</sup> (till March 29, 2024) BLS International Services Singapore PTE LTD.<sup>^</sup>

BLS International Services (UK) Limited^

Consular Outsourcing BLS Services Inc.(USA)^
BLS International Vize Hizmetleri Ltd. Sti.(Turkey)^

BLS International Services Limited (Hongkong)^

PT. BLS International Service, Indonesia (w.e.f Feb 21, 2023)^

Balozi Liaison Services International Limited(kenya) (w.e.f 01 April' 2022)^

BLS International Services SRL (Italy) (w.e.f. April 01,2022)\*\*
BLS International Services Malaysia SDN BHD^
BLS International Employee Welfare Trust#

BLS Worldwide PTY Limited (South Africa)^

BLS International Cameroon Limited, Cameroon (w.e.f. Aug 11, 2023)^

BLS Mor Services, Morocco^

BLS Services worldwide Limited, Nigeria (w.e.f Jan 23, 2023)^

BLS International Travel & Tourism, Saudi Arabia (w.e.f May 11, 2023)^

BLS Kazakhstan, Kazakhstan ^

BLS International USA Inc^(w.e.f January 31' 2024)

^ Subsidiary of BLE International FZE

\* Su bsidiary of BLS E-Services Limited

\*\* Subsidiary of BL3 International Services (UK) Limited

# Subsidiary companies of BLS International Services Limited

## Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Dinesh Sharma

Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Ms. Shivani Mishra

Mr. Abhinav Goel

## Designation

Director

Director Director

Director

## E) Transaction and balances with related parties during the Year

The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordin-

	Particulars	Nature of Transaction	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	BLS International Services Limited	Reimbursement of expenses	45.46	
		Reimbursement of expenses (Received)	(45.46)	
		Other payables(Paid)	(43.40)	169.60
		Closing Balance		103.00
		Off balance sheet items		
		Performance bank guarantee taken	2,000.00	2,000.00
2	BLS IT Services Private Limited	Loan paid		(150.00
		Rental income		0.72
		Other receivable (received)	10.19	2.10
		Reimbursement of expenses	9.88	2.10
		Interest expense	-	8.01
		Closing Balance		0.01
3	DICT Committee C	Balance receivable		0.31
3	BLS E-Services Limited (Formerly known as BLS E-Services	Loan given	33.24	1,836.25
	Private Limited)	Loan recovered	(187.79)	(1,317.51
		Other payable (received)	86.76	(1)017101
		Wallet transactions	126.00	61.25
		Interest Income	37.32	39.36
	I	Other Expense	190.00	150.00



A) Soguethod

BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED
(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024
Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

Other payable         -           Other payable (Paid)         291.96           Revenue from operation         122.19           Cost of services         16.07	(164.94) (4.64) 61.32
Revenue from operation 122.19	(4.64)
Cost of services 16.07	
	7.24
Closing Balances:	
Interest receivables 32.51	35.42
Loan Recoverable 364.20	518.75
Wallet payable -	67.88
Wallet receivable 0.54	
4 BLS E Solutions Private Limited Rental Income	0.72
Reimbusrement of Expense 0.22	0.99
Balance Receivables (received) 0.85	0.23
Closing Balances:	
Balance Receivable -	0.62
5 Starfin India Private Limited Balance Payable (Paid) 159.81	243.89
Information technology Expense 36.00	148.00
Other receivable (Received) 45.00	
Closing Balance	
Balance Payable 50.44	123.50
6 Gaurav Aggarwal Consultancy fee	26.00
7 Riya Aggarwal Consultancy fee .	32.00
8 Abhinav Goel Consultancy fee 10.00	12.00
9 Karan Aggarwal Salary 6.00	6.00



6.00

## BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## 36 Income Taxes

Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
ratticulais	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current Income Tax		
Current year	13.56	211.78
Deferred Tax	2.89	0.29
Tax expense for earlier year	(0.72)	(1.19)
Total	15.73	210.88

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deferred tax		
Re-measurements of defined benefit plans	-	(0.38)
Total	-	(0.38)

c. Reconciliation of tax expense

D	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	46.32	837.87
Enacted income tax rate*	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax credit calculated at Income tax rate	11.66	210.87
Add/(deduct) impact of:		
Expenses not allowable in income tax	2.92	1.10
Expenses allowable in income tax	(4.74)	(5.68)
Tax expense for earlier year	(0.72)	(1.19)
Others	6.61	5.78
Tax Expense	15.73	210.88

<sup>\*</sup> Tax rate of 25.168% includes corporate tax of 22%, Surcharge 10% and Secondary and Higher Education Cess of 4% on the tax amount



Jaguery Jaguery

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

## 37(A) CATERGO RY-WISE CLASSIFCATION OF FINANCIALS INTRUMENTS

	As at March 31 2024	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total Carrying Value
Α	Financial assets measured at				Total sair) ing raine
1	Fixed Deposit	-	_	4.10	4.10
2	Trade receivables	-	-	87.62	87.62
3	Cash & cash equivalents	-	120	410.05	410.05
4	Other financial assets-current	- 1	-	59.96	59.96
5	Other financial assets-non current	- 1	-	584.10	584.10
	Total	-		1,145.83	1,145.83
В	Financial liabilities measured at			1,113.03	1,143.03
1	Trade payables	-		18.48	18.48
2	Other financial liability-current	-		124.95	124.95
	Total			143.43	143.43

	As at March 31 2023	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total Carrying Value
Α	Financial assets measured at				10 tal Garrying Falae
1	Fixed Deposit		2	1.105.10	1,105.10
2	Tradereceivables	- 1	2	1,103.10	1,103.10
3	Cash & cash equivalents	- 1		366.42	366.42
4	Other financial assets-current	- 1		38.61	38.61
5	Other financial assets-non current	-		541.26	541.26
	Total	-		2,051.39	2,051.39
В	Financial liabilities measured at			2,001.07	2,031.37
1	Trade payables	-		18.31	18.31
2	Lease Liability-current	-		16.78	16.78
3	Other financial liability-current	_	-	752.71	752.71
	Total	-		787.80	787.80

## 37(B) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

#### Financial instrument measured at Amortised Cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financials labilities measured at amortised cost in the financials statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair value since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

## 37(C). FINANCIA I RISK MANAGEMENT- OBJECTIVIES AND POLICIES

The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of trade payable, lease liability and others payable. The company's financial assets comprise mainly of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, trade receivables and other receivables.

## The company has exposure to the following riols arising from financial instruments.

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk; and
- Marketrisk

## a) Risk management framework

The company's board of directors has the overall responsibility for the management of these risks and is supported by Senior Management that advises on the appropriate financial risk governance framework. The Company has the risk management policies and systems in place and are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company's audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The framework seeks to identify, asses and mitigate financial risk in order to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance.

## b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligation, and arises from the operating activities primarily (trade receivables) and investing activities including deposits with banks and other corporate deposits. The company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of financial assets. A default of financial assets is when there is a Signiant increase in the credit risk which is evaluated based on the business environment. The assets are written off when the company certain about the non-recovery.

## (i) Trade & other receivables:

Customer credit risk is managed based on company's established policy, procedures and controls. The company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Credit risk is reduced by receiving pre-payments. The company has a well defined sales policy to minimize its risk of credit defaults. Outstading customer receivables are regularly monitored and assessed. Impairement analysis is performed pased on historical data at each reporting date on an individual basis. However a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively.



fogewhat

#### Expected Credit loss under simplified approach for Trade receivables:

Ageing	As at		
ngeing	March 31 2024	March 31 202:	
Ageing of gross carrying amount			
less than 180 days	87.62		
181-365 days	• -	-	
More than 1 year		-	
Gross Carrying amount	87.62	-	
Expected Credit loss		-	
Net carrying amount	87.62	-	

#### (ii) Cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial instruments :

Credit risk from balances with banks and other financial instruments is managed by Company in accordance with its policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the management, and may be updated throughout the year.

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents, deposits and other financial instruments has been measured on the 12-month expected credit loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Company considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on external credit ratings of counterparties.

Based on the assessment there is no impairment in the above financial assets.

#### c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's treasury department is responsible for maintenance of liquidity, continuity of funding as well as timely settlement of debts. In addition, policies related to mitigation of risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows vis a vis debt service fulfilment obligation.

#### Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 Years	Total
As at March 31 2024				
Trade payables	18.48	-	-	18.48
Other financial current liability	124.95	-	72	124.95
As at March 31, 2023				
Lease liability	17.42		-	17.42
Trade payables	18.31	-	)) <b>-</b> )	18.31
Other financial current liability	752.71		-	752.71

## d) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising the return.

## i) Interest Rate Risk and Sensitivity

The company has no borrowings during the year. Therefore there is no interest rate risk.

## 37(D) Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The primary objective of the Company's Capital management is to maximise shareholder's value. The Company manages its capital and makes adjustment to it in light of the changes in economic and market conditions.

The Company manages capital using gearing ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity. The gearing at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

Particulars		As at	As at
	-	March 31 2024	March 31 2023
Borrowings (Current)		-	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents including bank balances		(410.05)	(366.42)
Total Debt (A)		(410.05)	(366.42)
Total Equity (B)		1,306.24	1,275.65
Capital and Net debt (C=A+B)		896.19	909.23
Gearing ratio (A/C)		-45.75%	-40.30%



Ad former office

## **BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED**

(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

Lease Liabilities	As at	As at
——————————————————————————————————————	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
As at beginning of the year	16.78	37.34
Additions		
Deletions		
Accretion of interest	0.64	1.84
Payments	(17.42)	(22.40)
As at end of the year	-	16.78
Current	-	16.78
Non-current		

## The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

Leases under Ind AS 116	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Depreciation expense of right of use assets	15.11	20.92
Interest expense on lease liabilities	0.64	1.84
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in other expenses)	7.82	3.51
Total amount recognised in Statement of profit or loss	23.57	26.27



As former for

BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED
(CIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FC3 THE YEAR ENLED MARCH 31, 2024
Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated
39 Ratio Analysis

Ö							
	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at March' 2024	As at March' 2023	Variation	more than 25%
	Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	5.23	1.79	192.57%	Decerease in current liability
	Debt-equity ratio	D=bt = Bcrrowings + Leese lialility	Shareholders Equity = Equity Share Capital + Reserves & Surp us		0.01	-100.00%	No lease outstanding as at the balance sheet date
	Debt service coverage ratic	Earnings available for debt service = PAT + Ncn cash operating expenses + Interest on Borrowings+Interest on lease liability-Profit on sale of investment	Deb∶service=Principal repa√ment+Interest cost+ lease pay⊓ent	2.33	3.61	-35.62%	Lease got over during the period, Hence decrease in repayment of lease
	Return on equity rati ɔ	Ne <sup>-</sup> pofit after taxes	Ave-age shareholder's equity	2.37%	65.20%	-96.37%	Decrease in profit
s Irader	Trade receivable turr over ⊐tio	Net Credi: Sales = Gross credit sales - sales return	Aver∎ge Trade Receivable	100.56	1,09,401.73	-99.91%	Decrease in revenue
6 Trade p	Trade payable turncve-rafio	Net Credir Purchass = Gross purchase - purch ase return + Average Accounts payable Cost of services	Average Accounts payable	172.93	212.01	-18.43%	NA
7 Net cap	Net capital turnover racio	Net Sales = Total sales - sales return	Average working capital	6.70	22.66	-70.43%	Decrease in revenue
8 Net pro	Net profit ratio	Net pofit after taxes	Net 3ales = Total sales - sales return	0.69%	8.32%	-91.65%	Decrease in revenue and profit
9 Return	Return on capital eπplɔye₄	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Total Assets - Current Liabilites- Non Jurrent liability+total debt -lease liability+Deffered tax (net)	4.05%	66.58%	-93.92%	Decrease in revenue



The James of the State of the S

### Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## 40 Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in the name of the Company

The company do not have any immovable property which is not held in the name of company.

#### 41 Details of benami property held

The company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property.

#### 42 Borrowing secured against current asset

The company has not availed any facilities from banks on the basis of security of current assets.

## 43 Wilful defaulter

The company is not declared Wilful Defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution.

#### 44 Relationship with struck off companies

The company do not have any transactions with struck- off companies under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013.

#### 45 Registration of charges or statisfaction with registrar of companies (ROC)

The company do not have any charges or statisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyong the statutory period.

#### 46 Fund Received

The Company have not received any fund from any person or entity, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

#### 47 Fund Advanced

The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries); or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

#### 48 Details of any whistle blower complaints received

The Company have not received any whistle blower complaints during the financial year.

#### 49 Details of Loans given and repayable on demand or without specifying any term or period of repayment

The company has not given loan which is repayable on demand in current and proceeding financial year.

#### 50 Segment information

#### Information about primary segment

The company has engaged in the business of providing citizen services under an e-governance projects of punjab Govt. and has only reportable segment in accordance with IND AS-108 'Operating Segment'. The information relating to this operating segment is reviewed regularly by the Key managerial personnel ('KMP') to make decisions about resources to be allocated and to assess its performance. The accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistently applied to record revenue and expenditure in the segment, and are as set out in the significant accounting policies.

#### Geographical Information

The company has engaged in the business of providing citizen services under an e-governance projects of punjab Govt of India. Hence doing business within the India.

Revenue from operation		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Within India	4,405.42	7,539.42
Outside India		
	4,405.42	7,539.42
Non-Current Assets		
Particulars	As at	As at
Faiticulais	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Within India	696.09	579.79
Outside India		
	696.09	579.79
Information about services rendered by the company		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
1 at Citulat 3	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Sale of services	4,405.42	7,539.42

## Major Customers

There are no customers that individually contribute for more than the 10% of the revenues.

## 51 Undisclosed Income

The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

52 No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date and date of authorization of these financial statements.



DS SK SK Jones SK Jon

BLS KENDRAS PRIVATE LIMITED ICCIN: U74999DL2018PTC331178)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

## Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

The agreement between the Company and Punjab State e-Governance Society ("PSeGS"), executed on July 27, 2018, has reached the end of its contract period from November 27, 2023. This contract was the only major source of revenue for the company. However, the management is making efforts to secure further contracts/business and is of the view that going concern assumption is not affected.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILTY

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% at its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The areas for CSR activities are eradication of hunger and malnutrition, promoting education, art and culture, healthcare, destitute care and rehabilitation, environment sustainability, disaster relief and rural development projects. A CSR committee has been formed by the company as per the Act.

a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year is Rs. 9.75 Lakhs (March' 2023 NIL ) b) Amount spent during the year is Rs. 10 Lakhs (March' 2023 NIL )

ARIMEH

ed Accoun

- The Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operating for all relevant transactions recorded in the software from May 05, 2023. Although, the accounting software has inherent limitation, there were no instances of the audit trail feature been tempered.
- $Previous\ year\ figures\ have\ been\ regrouped/\ rearranged,\ wherever\ considered\ necessary\ to\ conform\ to\ current\ year's\ classification.$

As per our report of even date attached

For S S Kothari Mehta & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's registration number: 0,0075

AMIT GOEL

Partner Membership number. 500607

Place · New Delhi Date: May 10, 2024 For and on behalf of the board of directors of

**BLS Kendras Private Limited** 

Dinesh Sharma

Sanjeev Kumar Director DIN No. 00956860 DIN No. 02826773