

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of BLS E- Solutions Private Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind As financial statements of BLS E- Solutions Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph below, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We draw attention to note 16 & 33 to the Ind AS financial statements, wherein in the previous year the Company has recognized profit on sale of fixed assets (property, plant & equipment) amounting to Rs. 1291.33 lakhs.

The Punjab State E-Governance Society ("Punjab Government or the authority or PSEG's") has terminated master service agreement with BLS E-Solutions Private Limited vide its letter dated in January 30, 2018. As per the terms of contract, the Company has to transfer the property plant and equipment (hardware infrastructure) at the net block (Procurement price less depreciation as per provision of the Company's Act 2013) of the assets. The Company has accordingly handed over major part of the hardware infrastructure to the authority and transferred these at the net block based on their understanding of the master service agreement by taking the life of property, plant and equipment of 5 years and has accounted profit on such transfer. The company has communicated the basis of arriving at the net block to the authority which is pending final acceptance by them.

Pending final acceptance/ confirmation of the sale price of fixed assets by the Authority, we cannot comment upon the correctness of the amount receivable from the Authority.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the property of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have

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fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying, we draw attention to

- 1) Note 34 to the Ind AS financial Statements, the Company has considered internal and external information upto the date of this report in respect of the current and estimated future global economic indicators consequent to the global health pandemic.
- 2) In earlier years, the Punjab Government has terminated the master service agreement entered with the Company vide its letter dated January 30, 2018, which was the only source of the revenue of the Company. However, the management is making efforts to secure further contracts/business in the Company and is able to achieve success and is of the view that going concern assumption is not affected. We have relied upon the management's contention.
- 3) Note 30 to the Ind AS financial statements, the trade receivables from Punjab Government aggregating to Rs 2969.41 lakhs (Including amount for reimbursement of diesel and electricity expense and sale of fixed assets) as on March 31, 2020 for which recovery is slow. Further, the Company is in the process of account/balance reconciliations with the Punjab Government. However, management is confident that there is no impairment in the value of the amount to be recovered and we have relied upon the management's contention.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The above information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India,



including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant Rules issued thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these—financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
 events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
 going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
 attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or,
 if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
 evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions
 may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.





We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) we have sought, except for the possible effect of the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph above, and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, expect the effect of the matter described in the this Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph above, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, except the effect of the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph above, the aforesaid ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant Rules issued thereunder;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f) Clause (i) of Section 143(3) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, is not applicable pursuant to notification G.S.R (E) dated June 13, 2017, as amended and hence not commented upon.
 - g) the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
 - h) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, the provisions
 of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year
 ended March 31, 2020 and hence not commented upon;





- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - There is no amount required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S.S. KOTHARI MEHTA & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 000756N

AMIT GOEL

Partner

Membership No. 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: June 18, 2020

UDIN: 20500607AAAAFC8102



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of BLS E- Solutions Private Limited dated June 18, 2020.

Report on the matters specified in paragraph 3 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as referred to in paragraph 1 of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section.

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the management according to the programme of periodical verification in phased manner, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its fixed assets. According to the information and explanation given to us, no discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The Company does not have any immovable property. Hence, clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii. The Company is a service Company. It does not hold any physical inventories, Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of the clause 3(iii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or provides any guarantee or securities to the parties covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act during the year.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act, and the Rules framed thereunder.
- vi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under Section 148 of the Act for the Company's activities. Hence, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

VII.

a. According to the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues with the appropriate authorities to the extent applicable and there are no undisputed statutory dues payable as at March 31, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.





- b. According to information an explanation given to us, there are no dues in respect of, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, as applicable, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loan or borrowing from the financial institutions. The Company has not taken any loans from banks or the Government. The Company has not issued any debentures.
- ix. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither raised any money way of initial public offer / further public offer nor any term loans hence, reporting under clause (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provision of the section 197 read with schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iii. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of audit, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act, where ever applicable, and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the Ind AS financial statements, as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence not commented upon.
- xv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred in section 192 of the Act.





xvi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.

For S.S. KOTHARI MEHTA & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 000756N

AMIT GOEL

Partner

Membership No. 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: June 18, 2020

UDIN: 20500607AAAAFC8102

		Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
I	ASSETS			
1	Non-current asset			
_	a. Property, plant & equipment	3	11.99	20.62
	b. Intangible assets	4		n ages
	c. Deferred tax assets (Net)	5	0.37	3.22
	Total non- current assets		12.36	23.84
2	Current asset	-		
	a. Financial assets	6		
	(i) Trade receivables	6(i)	2,888.30	4,788.30
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	6(ii)	0.30	2.09
	(iii) Bank balance other than (ii) above	6(iii)	110.00	110.00
	(iv) Other financial assets	6(iv)	85.39	87.01
	b. Other current assets	7	12.70	43.79
	c. Current tax assets (net)	8	23.68	
	Total current assets		3,120.37	5,031.19
	TOTAL ASSETS	=	3,132.73	5,055.03
11	EQUITY & LIABILITIES Equity			
	a. Equity share capital	9	1.00	1.00
	b. Other equity	10	2,263.72	2,257.75
	Total equity		2,264.72	2,258.75
	Liabilities			26
1	Non-current liabilities			
•	a. Financial liabilities :			
	Borrowings	11	*	
	Total non-current liabilities	· ·	12 <u>1</u> 2	
2	Current liabilities			
-	a. Financial liabilities	12		
	(i) Borrowings	12(i)	711.69	1,136.37
	(ii) Trade payables	12(ii)	9.47	208.77
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	12(iii)	142.97	1,029.26
	b. Other current liabilities	13	3.88	150.47
	c. Current tax liabilities (net)	14		271.41
	Total current liabilities		868.01	2,796.28
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	3,132.73	5,055.03
	Significant accounting policies	1-2		

The accompanying notes referred to above formed an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date For S S Kothari Mehta & Company

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 000756N

Amit Goel Partner

Membership number: 500607

Place : New Delhi Date : June 18, 2020 For and on behalf of the board of directors of BLS E-Solutions Private Limited

Dinesh Sharma

Director

DIN No. 00956860

Sanjeev Kumar

Director

DIN No. 02826773

		Note	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
I	Revenue from operations	15		2.195.27
11	Other income	16	165.78	1,313.24
Ш	Total income (I+II)	10	165.78	3,508.51
IV	Expenses:		103.76	3,308.51
	Cost of services	17	0.93	715.87
	Employee benefits expenses	18	0.73	49.05
	Finance costs	19	93.36	378.44
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	20	5.29	281.15
	Other expenses	21	32.48	550.20
	Total expenses		132.06	1,974.71
v	Profit before tax (III - IV)		33.72	1,533.80
VI	Tax expense:			
	a) Current tax		14.77	338.20
	b) Deferred tax		2.85	110.31
	c) Tax for earlier years		10.13	110.51
	Total tax expenses		27.75	448.51
VII	Profit for the year (V-VI)		5.97	1,085.29
VIII	Other comprehensive income (OCI)			
a	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss			
	(a) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			
	(b) Tax on re-measurements of defined benefit plans			
b	Items that will be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss		-	
	Total of other comprehensive income/(losses)		•	
IX.	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII+VIII)		5.97	1.005.20
	1707 190 - 180		3.97	1,085.29
X.	Earnings per equity share: basic and diluted (Rs.)	22	59.65	10,852.92
	Significant accounting policies	1-2		

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As per our report of even date For S S Kothari Mehta & Company

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 000756N

Amit Goei

Partner

Membership number: 500607

Place : New Delhi Date : June 18, 2020 For and on behalf of the board of directors of BLS E-Solutions Private Limited

Dinesh Sharma

Director

DIN No. 00956860

Sanjeev Kumar Director

DIN No. 02826773

Particulars	For the year ended	
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	22.52	
Adjustments for:	33.72	1,533.80
Depreciation & amortization expense		
Finance costs	5.29	281.15
Interest Income	93.36	378.44
Assets written off	(7.90)	(7.82)
Palances written off - creditors	and the second s	112.96
Bad Debt written off	(152.64)	(4.86)
Profit on sale of Property, plant & equipment	3.63	24.13
Cash generated from operations before working capital changes	(2.07)	(1,291.33)
Adjustments for:	(26.61)	1,026.46
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	•	
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables (Increase)/ decrease in other financial current assets	1,896.37	2,293,44
(Increase) / decrease in other mancial current assets	1.23	720.89
(Increase)/ decrease in other current assets	31.09	(28.92)
(increase)/decrease in non current financial asset - long-term loans	51.03	8.10
(Increase)/ decrease in other non-current assets		2.67
(Decrease)/ increase in long term provision	77 <u>4</u> 2	(4.72)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payable	(46.66)	
(Decrease)/ increase in other financial current liabilities	(162.58)	(1,137.58)
(Decrease)/ increase in other current liabilities		(958.23)
(Decrease)/ increase in short term provision	(146.58)	(152.89)
Cash generated from operations	1,546.26	(0.01)
Direct taxes		1,769.23
Not cash (used in)/generated from operating activities [A]	(320.00) 1,226.26	(620.35) 1,148.88
Cash flow from investing activities	1,220.20	1,140.00
Expanditure of Processing activities		
Expenditure on Property, plant and equipment including CWIP	the state of the s	((45)
Proceeds from Sale of Property, plant and equipment Interest income	5.40	(6.15)
		1,735.69
Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities [B]	13.70	7.36
Cash flow from financing activities	13.70	1,736.90
Repayment of non-current borrowings		
Repayment of current borrowing (Net)	(777.65)	(1 107 40)
Interest paid	(424.68)	(1,187.49)
Net cash (used in) / government of the same	(39.42)	(1,290.96)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities [C]	(1,241.75)	(441.90)
Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent [A+B+C]	(1)241.75)	(2,920.35)
Add: Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	(1.79)	(24 57)
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year (Refer note 8(ii)		(34.57)
was and cash equivalent at the end of the year (Refer note 8(ii)	0.30	36.66 2.09
Components of cash and cash equivalent		2.09
Current accounts		
Cash on hand	0.30	2.00
Total cash and cash equivalent		2.09
	0.30	2.09



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BLS E-SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN:U74999DL2016PTC298704)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

Notes:

(a) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7)-Statement of Cash Flows.

(b) Figures in bracket represents cash outflows.

N C	Opening Balance as at April 01, 2019	Cash inflow/(outflows)	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2020
Non- Current borrowing Current borrowing	777.65	(777.65)	-
Current borrowing	1,136.37	(424.68)	711.69

N 6	Opening Balance as at April 01, 2018	Cash inflow/(outflows)	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2019
Non- Current borrowing	1,965.13	(1,187.49)	777.65
Current borrowing	2,427.33	(1,290.96)	1,136.37

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes referred to above formed an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date For S S Kothari Mehta & Company

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 000756N

* S.S.

Amit Goet

Partner

Membership number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date : June 18, 2020 For and on behalf of Board of Directors BLS E -Sofutions Private Limited

Dinesh Sharma Director

DIN No. 00956860

Sanjeev Kumar Director DIN No. 02826773

BLS E-SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN:U74999DL2016PTC298704) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	CHANGED III EQUITION !
Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

A. Equity Share Capital	
	Amount
As at April 01, 2018	1.00
Changes in equity shares capital during the year	•
As at March 31, 2019	1.00
Changes in equity shares capital during the year	
As at March 31, 2020	1.00

ent and the second of the second seco	Reserve		
	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive income	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2018 (a)	1,172.18	0.28	1,172.46
Addition during the year:			
Profit for the year transferred from statement of P&L	1,085.29	51 4 5	1,085.29
tems of OCI for the year, net of tax:		5.0	
Remeasurement benefits defined benefits plans	¥		-
Fotal comprehensive income for the year 2018-19(b)	1,085.29		1,085.29
Balance as at March 31, 2019(c)=(a+b)	2,257.47	0.28	2,257.75
Addition during the year:		14	
Profit for the year transferred from statement of P&L tems of OCI for the year, net of tax:	5.97	2	5.97
Remeasurement benefits defined benefits plans	5. -		::*0
Total comprehensive income for the year 2019-20 (d)	5.97		5.97
Balance as at March 31, 2020 e=(c+d)	2,263,44	0.28	2,263.72

Significant accounting policies As per our report of even date For S S Kothari Mehta & Company

Chartered Accountants
Firm's registration number: 000756N

ARI MEHTA

Amit Goel Partner Membership number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date : June 18, 2020 Dinesh Sharma Director DIN No. 00956860 Sanjeev Kumar

For and on behalf of the board of directors of **BLS E-Solutions Private Limited**

> Director DIN No. 02826773

1 The Company Overview

BLS E Solution Private Limited is a private company incorporated on 29 April, 2016 Its registered office is at G-4B-1, Extension, Mohan Co-Operative Indl. Estate Mathura Road New Delhi.

The company was engaged with the Punjab Sewa Kendra (PSK) -which is an e-governance project- was awarded to the company by Punjab State government to provide over 200 citizen Services with the setting up of Sewa Kendras across the state. Further, the government of Punjab has terminated the master service agreement entered with the company vide its letter dated January 30, 2018. This contract was the only source of revenue for the company. However, management is making efforts to secure other contracts/business in the company

The financial statements of the company for the year ended March 31,2020 were approved and adopted by Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on June 18, 2020

Change in accounting policies

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as of April 1, 2018. In accordance with the cumulative catch-up transition method, the comparatives have not been retrospectively adjusted. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 was insignificant. The Accounting policy on revenue in given in note 2 on Significant Accounting Policies

1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

(i) Statement of compliance:

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and relevant provisions of the Act as amended.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

(ii) Basis of preparation:

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, except for certain items that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102 - Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116 - Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as value in use in Ind AS 36 - Impairment of Assets.

The financial statements are presentation in Indian Rupees (Rs) and all the values are rounded off to the nearest thousands, except number of shares, earning per share or wherever otherwise stated.

(iii) Functional & presentation currency:

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Indian National Rupee ('INR'), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(iv) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in note.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

(v) Current & Non current classification:

All Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of product & activities of the Company and their realisation in cash and cash equivalent, the Company has determined its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

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2 Significant Accounting Policies for the year ended March 31, 2020

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in the financial statements.

(a) Revenue recognition

Rendering of Services

Revenue from sale of services is recognized as per the terms of contract with customers at the time when the outcome of transactions involving rendering of services can be estimated reliably

Other Income

(i) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(ii) Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the same.

(b) Property Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment acquired after the transition date are stated at cost net of tax, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes purchase price and also other cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the costs to the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in net profit in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gain or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Depreciation is provided on written down value method over the useful lives of property, plant and equipment as estimated by management. Depreciation is provided prorata basis on written down value at the rates determined based on estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment where applicable, prescribed under Schedule II to the Act. The residual value, useful lifes and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each financial year and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. The useful life of various class of items considered in the financial statements is as under:

Class of assets	Useful life (in years)
Computers	3
Office Equipments	5
Furniture & Fixtures	10
Vehicles	8

(c) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognised, when it is probable that if the future economic benefits attributable to the assets are expected to flow to the company and cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible asset with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised

(d) Impairment

The carrying amount of Property, plant and equipment's, Intangible assets and Investment property are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to assess impairment if any, based on internal / external factors. An asset is treated as impaired, when the carrying cost of asset exceeds its recoverable value, being higher of value in use and net selling price. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed, if there has been an improvement in recoverable amount.

(e) Financial Instruments

A Financial Instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another

Financial assets

Financial assets include Investments, Trade receivables, Advances, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents.

At initial recognition, all financial assets are measured at fair value. Such financial assets are subsequently classified under following three categories according to the purpose for which they are held. The classification is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. Sernyeeufhuar

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding on specified dates. These financial assets are intended to be held until maturity. Therefore, they are subsequently measured at amortised cost by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR amortisation is included as interest income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial Assets at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding on specified dates, as well as held for selling. Therefore, they are subsequently measured at each reporting date at fair value, with all fair value movements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, impairment gain or loss and foreign exchange gain or loss are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is reclassified from the OCI to Statement of Profit and

Financial Assets at Fair value through Profit or Loss

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are held for trading, or which are measured neither at Amortised Cost nor at fair value through OCI. Therefore, they are subsequently measured at each reporting date at fair value, with all fair value movements recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Trade receivables, Advances, Security Deposits, Cash and cash equivalents etc. are classified for measurement at amortised cost while investments may fall under any of the aforesaid classes. However, in respect of particular investments in equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss, an irrevocable election at initial recognition may be made to present subsequent changes in fair value through other comprehensive income.

Investment in Equity Shares

Investments in Equity Securities are initially measured at cost. Any subsequent fair value gain or loss is recognized through Profit or Loss if such investments in Equity Securities are held for trading purposes. The fair value gains or losses of all other Equity Securities are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

Investments in Subsidiaries & Joint Ventures

Investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are carried at cost less accumulated impairment, if any.

Impairment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether a financial asset (or a group of financial assets) such as investments, trade receivables, advances and security deposits held at amortised cost and financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are tested for impairment based on evidence or information that is available without undue cost or effort. Expected credit losses are assessed and loss allowances recognised if the credit quality of the financial asset has deteriorated significantly since initial recognition.

De-recognition

Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of

Financial Liabilities

Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at the value of the respective contractual obligations. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any discount or premium on redemption / settlement is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost over the life of the liability using the effective interest method.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

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Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is included in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(f) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using other valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Fair values for measurement and/ or disclosure purposes are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described

as follows:

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Level 1 - This includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2 - The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. Derived from prices).

Level 3 - If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis from the commencement date over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

Meas

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease.

(h) Employee Benefit

i. Gratuity

Gratuity is a post employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which such gains or losses arise.

ii. Other short term benefits

Expense in respect of other short term benefit is recognised on the basis of amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee. fen eaghined

(i) Earning Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

(i) Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in Other Comprehensive Income.

Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year after taking credit of the benefits available under the Income Tax Act and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- i) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- ii) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and
- ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the ¢ompany is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- i) The entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- ii) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

(k) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as a part of the cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. Borrowing cost consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing cost are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

(1) Cash & Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(m) Provisions, Contingent Assets & Contingent Liabilities:

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. Contingent Liability is disclosed after careful evaluation of facts, uncertainties and possibility of reimbursement, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in notes. Contingent assets are not disclosed in the financial statements unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

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(n) Cash Flow Statements

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated. The company considers all highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

(o) Operating Segments

(i) Identification of segments

The Company's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

(ii) Unallocated items

Unallocated items include general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

(iii) Segment accounting policies

The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Company as a whole.

III Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates & Assumptions

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates, assumptions and judgements which have significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statement:

a) Income taxes

Judgment of the Management is required for the calculation of provision for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities. The company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to significant adjustment to the amounts reported in the standalone financial statements.

b) Contingencies

Judgment of the Management is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigations against the company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.

c) Allowance for uncollected accounts receivable and advances

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their normal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not collectible. Impairment is made on ECL, which are the present value of the cash shortfall over the expected life of the financial assets.

d) Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments.

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors

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IV Recent Accounting Pronouncements

During the year Ministry of Corporate affairs hasn't issue any standard which has been applicable from April 01, 2020.

BLS E-SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN:U74999DL2016PTC298704)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

3 & 4. PROPERTY	, PLANT	AND	EQUIPMEN'	T
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		Tangible Ass	ets				
Gross Block	Computers	Office Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Total Tangible assets	Intangible assets	Tota
As at April 01, 2018	2,497.78	284.74	13.20	35.80	2,831.52	0.32	2,831.84
Additions		6.15			6.15		6.15
Disposals/ Adjustments	1,881.02	270.74	2		2,151.75	9	2,151.75
Assets Written off	616.76	20.15			636.91	0.32	637.23
As atiMarch 31, 2019			13.20	35.80	49.00	*	49.00
Additions	8				100	-	
Disposals/ Adjustments				8.79	8.79		8.79
As at March 31, 2020			13.20	27.02	40.22	•	40.22
Accumulated Depreciation							
As at April 01, 2018	1,794.63	163.20	4.84	16.00	1,978.68	0.23	1,978.91
Charge for the year	240.75	32.81	1.99	5.56	281.10	0.05	281.15
Disposals/ Adjustments	1,523.05	184.35	-		1,707.39		1,707.39
Assets Written off	512.33	11.66			524.00	0.28	524.28
As attMarch 31, 2019	-	-	6.83	21.56	28.39	-	28.39
Charge for the year			1.68	3.61	5.29		5.29
Disposals/ Adjustments	-			5.45	5.45		5.45
As at March 31, 2020		•	8.51	19.72	28.23	-	28.23
Net Block as at March 31, 2019			6.38	14.24	20.62		20.62
Net Block as at March 31, 2020			4.69	7.30	11.99	2	11.99

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EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized Share Capital	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
10,000 (March 31, 2019: 10,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up	1.00	1.00
10,000 (March 31, 2019: 10,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	1.00	1.00
10.00	1.00	1.00

a.) Reconciliation of the number of shares

Dead I	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Balance as at the beginning of the year Add: Changes in capital during the year	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00
Balance as at the closing of the year	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00

b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity shares: The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion of the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. The dividend Proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in the case of Interim Dividend.

c.) Number of shares held by holding company

Particulars	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	
Equity shares of Rs.10 each				the class	
BLS International Services Limited	10,000	100%	10,000	100%	
			==/===	10070	

d.) Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		As at March	h 31, 2019
raruculars	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
BLS International Services Limited*	10,000	100%	10,000	100%
* one share hold by nominee share holder			20,000	100

e). The Company has not issued any bonus shares and there is no buy back of shares in the current year and preceding years other than cash.

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5	Deferred tax (assets)& Liabilities (Net)	As at March 31,2020	Charge for the year	As at March 31,2019
	Deferred tax assets on:		onarge for the year	
	Difference between book value of depreciable assets as per books of accounts and			
	written down value as per income tax	0.37	(2.85)	3.22
	Others	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total deferred tax assets(net)	0.37	(2.85)	3.22
6	Financial Assets			
6(i)	Trade receivables: Current			
	Unsecured			
	Considered good	2,888.30		4,788.30
	Less: Allowances for expected credit loss Total			
	=	2,888.30	_	4,788.30
6(ii)	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Cash on hand			
	Balance with banks In Current account			
	Total	0.30	-	2.09
	=	0.30	-	2.09
6(iii)	Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents			
	Investment in term deposits (with original maturity period of more than three	110.00		110.00
	month but less than twelve months).* Total		J	
	* Fixed deposit pledged against bank guarantees	110.00	-	110.00
6(1V)	Other financial assets : Current (un-secured, considered good unless otherwise stated)			
	Receivables from Punjab Govt (Punjab State e Governance Society)*	81.12		81.12
	Interest accrued on fixed deposit	3.47		3.87
	Security deposits	0.80		2.02
	Total	85.39		87.01
	* Reimbursement of Diesel & electricity expenses			
7	Other current assets			
	Advances against materials and services	1.64		6.79
	Balance with government authorities	11.06	<u> </u>	37.00
	Total =	12.70	-	43.79
8	Current tax assets (net)			
	Advance tax (net)	23.68		
	Total =	23.68	-	-
10	Other equity			
	Balance of retained earnings at the beginning of reporting period	2,257.75		1,172.46
	Add: Profit transferred from statement of profit & loss	5.97	<u> </u>	1,085.29
	Total (a)	2,263.72		2,257.75
	Other comprehensive income (OCI) (b) Balance of retained earnings at the end of reporting period(a+b)	2,263.72	-	2,257.75
	Datance of retained earnings at the end of reporting period(a - b)	2,203.72	_	4,437.75

Despcription of nature and purpose of reserve

Retained Earning

Retained earning are the profits that the Company has earned till date less dividends (if any) and distribution paid to shareholders. Retained earning is a free reserve available to the Company.



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		As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
	wings- non-current		
	ed loan n financial institution*		
Fron	n financial institution*		777.65
Loce	Current materials	12	777.65
Total	Current maturities of long term borrowings	3.00	777.65
nrstc	from HP Financial services: Total outstanding balance as at March 31, 2020 harge on the moveable fixed assets acquired. Applicable rate of interest is 1 any has paid the outstanding amount of Rs. 777.65/- to HPFS on May 01, 201	1.74% p.a. Loan was renavable in 20 mont	oan was secured by way of hly instalments. , the
12 Finan	cial Liabilities		
12(i) Borro	owings		
Secur	red (loan repayable on demand)		l l
	overdraft#		1,050.28
	cured	****	1,030.20
	from holding company\$	617.59	86.09
	from BLS IT Services Ltd*	94.10	-
Total		711.69	1,136.37
Ralar	nce with related parties (refer note 26)		
	nternational Services Limited	272 227	1
	r Services Ltd	617.59	86.09
	ak overdraft from HDFC Bank was secured by way of fixed deposits, first pari	94.10	
\$ Loa	n from holding:- The company has taken loan from holding company for its b	ousiness activities. The loans are unsecured	and renavable on demand
The le	oan carried an interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its		1.5
The lo	oan carried an interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its nd. (refer note 26)		1
The lot * The dema	oan carried an interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its nd. (refer note 26) e payables		1
The lo * The dema 12(ii) Trad Total	oan carried an interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its nd. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25)	business activities. The loans are unsecure	ed and repayable on
* The lot and the	oan carried an interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its nd. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small		ed and repayable on
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The letter and the le	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its ind. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises er financial liabilities int maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: porrowing from holding company * r payable	9.47 9.47 62.30	- 208.77 - 208.77 - 777.65 - 81.03
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The letter and the le	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its nd. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises er financial liabilities int maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: our owing from holding company * r payable xpenses payable** rest accrued but not due (refer note 26)	9.47 9.47 9.47 62.30 80.67 142.97	208.77 208.77 777.65 81.03 8.36 162.22 1,029.26
The lot and the lo	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its not. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises er financial liabilities int maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: corrowing from holding company * r payable xpenses payable** rest accrued but not due (refer note 26) international Services Limited	9.47 9.47	208.77 208.77 777.65 81.03 8.36 162.22 1,029.26
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The letter of th	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its nd. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises er financial liabilities nt maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: corrowing from holding company * r payable expenses payable** rest accrued but not due (refer note 26) international Services Limited eludes amount payable to related party international Services Limited current liabilities	9.47 9.47	208.77 208.77 208.77 777.65 81.03 8.36 162.22 1,029.26
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The le tended and the letter of the letter on	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its nd. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises er financial liabilities nt maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: corrowing from holding company * r payable expenses payable** rest accrued but not due (refer note 26) international Services Limited eludes amount payable to related party international Services Limited current liabilities	9.47 9.47	208.77 208.77 777.65 81.03 8.36 162.22 1,029.26
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The letter that the letter total tot	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its not. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises er financial liabilities int maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: corrowing from holding company * r payable expenses payable** rest accrued but not due (refer note 26) international Services Limited cludes amount payable to related party international Services Limited crurrent liabilities ince against sale of capital assets Statutory due payable	9.47 9.47 9.47 62.30 - 80.67 142.97 62.30 16.20	208.77 208.77 208.77 777.65 81.03 8.36 162.22 1,029.26
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The le * The dema 12(ii) Trad Total Total Total 12(iii) Other Credii Inter on b Other - E Total *Inter BLS In *Inter BLS In *Inter Advar Other Total 14 Curre Incom	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its ind. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises or financial liabilities nt maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: corrowing from holding company * repayable expenses payable** rest accrued but not due (refer note 26) international Services Limited indes amount payable to related party international Services Limited current liabilities ince against sale of capital assets Statutory due payable int tax liabilities (net) e tax provision (net)	9.47 9.47 9.47 62.30 - 80.67 142.97 62.30 16.20	208.77 208.77 208.77 777.65 81.03 8.36 162.22 1,029.26
The letter of th	company has taken interest @ 7.75% & 12% p.a. (refer note 26) company has taken interest free loan from fellow subsidiary company for its ind. (refer note 26) e payables outstanding dues of micro enterprise & small enterprises (refer note: 25) outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise & small prises or financial liabilities nt maturities of long term debts (refer note 12(i)) tors for capital goods est accrued and but not due: corrowing from holding company * repayable expenses payable** rest accrued but not due (refer note 26) international Services Limited indes amount payable to related party international Services Limited current liabilities ince against sale of capital assets Statutory due payable int tax liabilities (net) e tax provision (net)	9.47 9.47 9.47 62.30 - 80.67 142.97 62.30 16.20	208.77 208.77 777.65 81.03 8.36 162.22 1,029.26 8.34



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BLS E SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN:U74999DL2016PTC298704) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

00000		Year Ended March 31,2020	Year Ended March 31,2019
15	Revenue from operations		2 4 0 2 5 4
	Sale of services	•	2,192.56
	Sale of government application form Total		2.70 2,195.27
2320			
16	Other income		
	Interest income on:		
	Fixed deposits	7.90	7.82
	Miscellaneous income	3.17	9.23
	Balances written off - creditors	152.64	4.86
	Profit on sale of fixed assets	2.07	1,291.33
	Total	165.78	1,313.24
17	Cost of services		
	Manpower cost	0.93	715.40
	Government application form consumption	0.93	0.47
	Total	0.93	715.87
18	Employee benefits expenses		
	Salaries and wages, bonus etc.	2	47.73
	Staff welfare expenses		1.32
	Total		49.05
19	Finance cost		
	Interest on borrowings*	66.70	259.64
	Interest others	11.66	110.81
	Other financial charges	15.00	7.99
	Total	93.36	378.44
	*includes interest amount with related party (refer note 26)	30.00	370.77
	BLS International Services Limited	59.94	19.47
20	Depreciation and amortisation expenses		
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment (refer note 3)	5.29	281.10
	Amortisation on intangible assets (refer note 4)	_	0.05

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281.15



5.29

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020 / mount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

		Year Ended March	Year Ended March
		31,2020	31,2019
21	Other expenses	31,2020	31,2019
	Management consultancy expense*	2	40.00
	Sewa kendra expenses	2	154.41
	Diesel distribution cost		14.72
	Printing & stationery expense	- 17 - 18	1
	Rent expense	1.96	7.68 30.42
	Sewa kendra printer cartridge expense	1.90	Tallan
	Telephone & internet expenses	0.13	10.86
	Conveyance local & outstation		17.44
	DG repair & maintenance	0.32	11.22
	Professional consultancy	3.00	21.33
	Insurance	2.00	7.59
	Software expense	0.70	
	Travelling & lodging expenses	0.03	14.35
	Electricity & water expense	-	3.86
	Office running & maintenance expenses	0.48	5.82
	Business promotion expense	-	1.29
	Payment to auditors		0.17
	Bank charges	1.00	2.00
	Bad debts written off	0.12	20.40
	Fixed assets written off	3.63	24.13
	CSR expense		112.96
	Miscellaneous expenses	21.50	
	Total	0.61	49.55
		32.48	550.20
	* Transaction with related party (refer note 26)		
	BLS International Services Limited	₽	40
21.1	PAYMENT TO AUDITORS		
	Statutory audit fees	1.00	2.00
	Reimbursement	1.00	2.00
	Total	1.00	2.00
22	EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)		

22 EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)

Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
5.97	1,085.29
10,000	10,000
10,000	10,000
59.65 59.65 10	10,852.92 10,852.92
	March 31, 2020 5.97 10,000 - 10,000 59.65 59.65

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

23 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

Particulars	As on March 31,	As on March 31,
Cuarantass (see all all all all all all all all all a	2020	2019
Guarantees issued by the bank on behalf of the Company	2,000.00	2,595,53

24 LEASES

The Company has taken premises for office under cancellable operating lease agreements. Terms of the lease include terms for renewal, increase in rents in future periods and terms of cancellation.

Lease payments recognised in statement of profit & loss is Rs 1.96 (March 31, 2019: Rs 30.42).

25 The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006

Based on the information available, there are no vendors who have confirmed that they are covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Disclosures as required by section 22 of 'The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, are given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	
Interest due thereon remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
Delayed payment of Principal amount paid beyond appointed date during the entire financial year	-	-
Interest actually paid under Section 16 of the Act during the entire accounting year	-	-
Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making the payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding interest specified under this Act.	-	-
Amount of Interest due and payable for the period (where principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act not paid)	-	
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Micro and Small Enterprises for the purpose of disallowances as deductible expenditure under Section 23 of this Act	-	-

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Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

26 Related Party Disclosures

Related party disclosures, as required by Ind AS 24 is as below:

	Holding Company	Country of Incorporation
AJ		India
	RLS International Service Limited	mula

B)

Fellow Subsidiaries	. 1:-
BLS IT Services Private Limited	India
BLS E-Services Private Limited	India
BLS Kendras Private Limited	India
Starfin India Private Limited*	India
Reired BLS International Private Limited	India
BLS International FZE	UAE
BLS International Services Canada INC.^	Canada
BLS International Services Norway AS^	Norway
BLS International Services Singapore PTE LTD.^	Singapore
BLS VAS Singapore Pte. Limited^	Singapore
BLS International Services Malaysia SDN BHD*	Malaysia
BLS International Services, UAE*	UAE
BLS International Services, UK^	UK
(F)	US
Consular Outsourcing BLS Services Inc.^ BLS International Vize Hizmetleri Ltd. Sti.^	Turkey
	Hong Kong
BLS International Services Limited	South Africa
BLS International (pty) Limited^	

[^] Subsidiary companies of BLS International FZE

C) Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Dinesh Sharma Mr. Sanjeev Kumar MS. Shivani Mishra

Designation Director Director

Director

Related Party Disclosures

The following transactions were carried out with the related parties in the ordinary course of business:

Particulars	Nature of Transaction	2019-20	2018-19
	72 7 97 3022		40.00
BLS International Service Limited	Management consultancy services	1,331.50	180.91
	Loan received during the year	•	339.81
	Loan repaid during the year	800.00	
	Interest expenses	59.94	19.47
	Closing Balance	3#8	
	Loan payable	617.59	86.09
	Interest payable	62.30	8.3
	Other payables	16.20	
	Off balance sheet item	•	
	Corporate guarantee taken	2,000.00	2,000.0
	198 = W0190	22.00	400.0
BLS E-Services Private Limited	Loan/ Advance received	22.00	400.0
	Loan/ Advance repaid	22.00	400.0
	Closing Balance	•	
	Balance receivables	₫.	120
BLS IT Services Private Limited	Loan/ Advance received	225.20	-
BLS 11 Services Filvate Limited	Loan/ Advance repaid	131.10	
	Closing Balance -Payable	94.10	*
	Balance receivables		



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^{*} Subsidiary of BLS E-Services Private Limited

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

27 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

27(A) Category-Wise Classification of Financials Instruments

Financial accets/financial	Financial accets (Gnancial	Non-current		rent	Current	
S.No	Financial assets/financial liabilities	Refer note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
A	Financial assets measured at amortised cost					
(i)	Security Deposits	5	49		0.80	2.02
(ii)	Term deposits pledge against bank guarantee	6(iii)	20	9.	110.00	110.00
(iii)	Trade receivables	6(i)	*1		2,888.30	4,788.30
(iv)	Cash & cash equivalents	6(ii)			0.30	2.09
(v)	Other financial assets	6(iv)		**	84.58	84.99
			*		3,083.99	4,987.40
В	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost					
(i)	Borrowings	11	10-00			777.65
(ii)	Other borrowings	12(i)	842	2		1,050.28
(iii)	Loan from related party	12(i)			711.69	86.09
(iv)	Trade payables	12(ii)	-	-	9.47	208.77
(v)	Other financial current liability*	12(iii)	79		142.97	251.61
	• • •		121	-	864.14	2,374.40

^{*}excluding current maturity

32(B) Fair Value Measurements

(i) Financial instrument measured at Amortised Cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financials liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair value since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

32(C). Financial Risk Management-Objectives And Policies

The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of borrowings, trade payable and others payable. The company's financial assets comprise mainly of investments, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, trade payable and other receivables.

The company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk

a) Risk management framework

The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's board of directors has the overall responsibility for the management of these risks and is supported by Management Advisory Committee that advises on the appropriate financial risk governance framework. The Company has the risk management policies and systems in place and are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company's audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligation, and arises from the operating activities primarily (trade receivables) and from its financing activities including cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, derivatives and other financial instruments. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure and is as follows:

(i) Trade & other receivables:

Customer credit risk is managed based on company's established policy, procedures and controls. The company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Credit risk is reduced by receiving pre-payments. The company has a well defined sales policy to minimize its risk of credit defaults. Outstading customer receivables are regularly monitored and assessed. Impairement analysis is performed pased on historical data at each reporting date on an individual basis. However a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively.

Expected Credit loss under simplified approach for Trade receivables:

Ageing	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019	
Ageing of gross carrying amount			
0-6 months		2.044.98	
More than 6 months	2,888.30	2,743.33	
Gross Carrying amount	2,888.30	4,788.30	
Expected Credit loss		4,700.30	
Net carrying amount	2,888.30	4,788.30	

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(ii) Financial instruments and cash deposits :

Credit risk from balances with banks and other financial instruments is managed by Company in accordance with its policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the management, and may be updated throughout the year.

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents, deposits and other financial instruments has been measured on the 12-month expected credit loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Company considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on external credit ratings of counterparties.

Based on the assessment there is no impairment in the above financial assets.

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's treasury department is responsible for maintenance of liquidity, continuity of funding as well as timely settlement of debts. In addition, policies related to mitigation of risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows vis a vis debt service fulfilment obligation.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2020				
Loan from related party	711.69	-		711.69
Trade payables	9.47			9.47
Other financial current liability	142.97	9*8	141	142.97
As at March 31, 2019				
Borrowings	777.65	-		777.65
Other borrowings	1,050.28		100	1,050.28
Loan from related party	86.09			86.09
Trade payables	208.77			208.77
Other financial current liability	251.61			251.61

^{*}excluding current maturity

c). Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising the return.

i) The Company is not exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk (currency risk) and market value of its investments.

ii) Interest Rate Risk and Sensitivity

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to long term debt. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. With all other variables held constant, the following table demonstrates composition of fixed and floating rate borrowing of the company and impact of floating rate borrowings on company's profitability.

32(d) Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The primary objective of the Company's Capital management is to maximise shareholder's value. The Company manages its capital and makes adjustment to it in light of the changes in economic and market conditions.

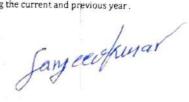
The Company manages capital using gearing ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity. The gearing at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Borrowings (Non current)			777.65
Borrowings (Current)		711.69	1,136.37
Less: Cash and cash equivalents including bank balances		(0.30)	(2.09)
Total Debt	A	711.39	1,911.93
Total Equity		2,264.72	2,258.75
Capital and Net debt	В	2,976.12	4,170.68
Gearing ratio	A/B	23.90%	45.84%

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital of the Company during the current and previous year .







BLS E-SOLUTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED (CIN:U74999DL2016PTC298704)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

28 Income Taxes

a. Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Current Income Tax		
Current year	14.77	338.20
Deferred Tax	2.85	110.31
Tax expense for earlier years	10.13	¥
Total	27.75	448.51

b. Income taxes that are charged or credited directly in equity

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Deferred tax		
Re-measurements of defined benefit plans	458	-
Total	¥	

c. Reconciliation of Tax expense

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
Profit before tax	33.72	1,533.80
Enacted income tax rate*	25.17%	27.82%
Tax amount on enacted income tax rate in India	8.49	426.70
Add/(deduct) impact of:		
Expenses not allowable in income tax	5.41	15.66
Expenses allowable in income tax	(0.00)	(0.01)
Change in tax rate	0.31	4.02
Tax expense for earlier years	10.13	-
Others	3.41	2.14
Tax Expense	27.75	448.51

*Pursuant to taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, dated September 20th 2019, the company intends to excercise the option permitted u/s 115BAA od the Income Tax Act, 1961 to compute Income tax at the revised rate from the current financial year. The tax expense for the financial year 2010-20 are after considering the impact of the revised rate (i.e tax rate of 25.17% includes corporate tax of 22%, 10% surcharge and Secondary and Higher Education Cess of 4% on the tax amount). In March 31, 2019 it was 27.82% includes corporate tax of 25%, 7% surcharge and Secondary and Higher Education Cess of 4% on the tax amount

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Amount in (lakhs) unless otherwise stated

29 Segment information

Information about primary segment

The company has engaged in the business of providing citizen services under an e-governance projects of Punjab state Govt. and has only reportable segment in accordance with IND AS-108 'Operating Segment'.

30 The Punjab Government has terminated master service agreement entered with the company vide its letter dated in January 30, 2018, which was only the source of the revenue of this Company. However, the management is making the effort to secure further contracts/business and is of the view that going concern assumption is not affected, Accordingly these financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The amount receivable by the Company from the Government of Punjab aggregating to Rs 2,969.41 (including reimbursement of deisel and electricity expenses) as on March 31, 2020 for which recovery is slow, However, the management is confident that there is no impairment in the value of the amount to be recovered.

31 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILTY

As per Section 135 of the Act, a Company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% at its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The areas for CSR activities are eradication of hunger and malnutrition, promoting education, art and culture, healthcare, destitute care and rehabilitation, environment sustainability, disaster relief and rural development projects. A CSR committee has been formed by the company as per the Act.

- a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year is Rs. 21.26 (March 31, 2019: Rs 16.55)
- b) Amount spent during the year on: Rs. 21.50 (March 31, 2019: Nil)
- 32 In the opinion of the management of the Company and to the best of their knowledge & belief, the value of current assets, loans and advances, if realized in the ordinary course of business would not be less than the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

Trade and other payables, advance from customer, trade receivables and other receivables and other parties' balance are subject to confirmations & reconciliation

- 33 The Punjab State E-Governance Society ("Punjab Government or the authority or PSEG's") has terminated master service agreement with BLS E-Solutions Private Limited vide its letter dated in January 30, 2018. As per the terms of contract, the Company has to transfer the property plant and equipment (hardware infrastructure) at the net block (Procurement price less depreciation as per provision of the Company's Act 2013) of the assets. The Company has accordingly handed over major part of the hardware infrastructure to the authority and transferred these at the net block based on their understanding of the master service agreement by taking the life of property, plant and equipment of 5 years and has accounted profit of Rs. 1291.33 on such transfer. The company has communicated the basis of arriving at the net block to the authority which is pending final acceptance by them.
- The WHO declared COVID 19 outspread Pandemic, responding to which the various governments across the world including Government Of India has taken serious measures to contain the spread the Virus by imposing "Lockdowns" which have been extended till 30th June by Government Of India and various other countries as well. The Lockdown has severely affected the International Travel and therefore our operational services have been severally affected since the last fortnight of March 2020. With the partial lifting of lockdown the company has started reopening its offices in phase wise manner with limited staff strength following required social distancing norms and various advisories released by the Government. The Passport and Consular services are expected to start from July 2020 onwards in selected countries as per the directives of the respective Governments. The Countries to start the operational services will be in a phased manner from July 2020 onwards.

The Company expects to the demand for its services to pick up though at moderate pace once lockdown is lifted.

35 Previous year figures have been regrouped/ rearranged, wherever considered necessary to conform to current year's classification.

As per our report of even date

For S S Kothari Mehta & Company

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 000756N

Amit Goel

Partner

Membership number: 500607

Place: New Delhi Date: June 18, 2020 For and on behalf of the board of directors of BLS E-Solutions Private Limited

Dinesh Sharma

Director

DIN No. 00956860

Sanjeev Kumar

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DIN No. 02826773